formald.

a liquid crystal layer between the first and second substrates; at least one uniaxial optical compensation film over the second substrate; and a first alignment layer having a plurality of first alignment directions over the first

substrate.

Suldy

14. (Amended) A method for manufacturing a reflective-type liquid crystal display device, comprising:

providing first and second substrates;

forming a reflective electrode having an opaque metal and being a surface with convex portions over the first substrate;

providing at least one uniaxial optical compensation film over the second substrate; and forming a first alignment layer having a plurality of first alignment directions over the first substrate.

Treus

29. (Amended) A [The] method for manufacturing reflective-type liquid crystal display device, comprising:

providing first and second substrates;

providing a liquid crystal layer between the first and second substrates;

forming a reflective electrode <u>having an opaque metal and being a surface with convex</u> <u>portions</u> over the first substrate;

providing at least one uniaxial optical compensation film over the second substrate; forming a first alignment layer having a plurality of alignment directions over the first substrate; and

forming a second alignment layer over the second substrate.

REMARKS

Favorable reconsideration of this application in view of the foregoing amendments and the following remarks is respectfully requested. Currently, claims 1,3, 4 and 6-39 are pending.

Claims 1, 3, 4 and 6-39 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Sugiyama et al.</u> (U.S. Patent No. 5,757,455) in view of <u>Toko</u> (U.S. Patent No. 5,793,459).